



# Physical Education Handball Year 3

## Unit Purpose

The unit of work will **explore** how to **apply** the principles of **attack** vs **defence**, with a particular focus on passing and moving.

Pupils will learn how to keep **possession** and eventually score in order to win a modified game.

## Inspire Me

**Nikola Karabatić** is a french handball player regarded as one of the best players of his generation. Nikola has won two Olympic gold medals, four world championships and has won player of the year a record three times.



## Key Success Criteria

- P** Pupils will develop their passing and moving skills to outwit their opponents and keep possession of the ball.
- C** Pupils will apply an understanding of where, when and why we pass and move, in order to score points against another team.
- S** Pupils will develop life skills such as respect and communication as they collaborate with others including their opponents.
- W** Pupils will apply their skills with developing confidence as they grow in their ability to show integrity and determination.

## Vocabulary for Learning

**Attacker:** We are considered an 'attacker' when we or our team are in possession of the ball. The aim of the game for the attackers is to score, keep possession and score a goal.

**Defender:** We are considered a 'defender' when we are not in possession of the ball . The aim of the game for the defenders is to prevent the opposition from scoring a goal

**Space:** is an open area on the court that is unoccupied by a defender or the defending team. The team in possession of the ball need to identify open spaces to move into to enable them to create opportunities to shoot.

**Possession:** Is when we have physical control of the ball. This could be when working individually or as part of a team. It is when we have 'possession' that we can create the opportunity to score a goal.



## Sport Specific Vocabulary

**Shoulder Pass:** Is the most commonly used pass in handball. The shoulder pass is a one-handed pass that can be used to cover long and short distances. If a shoulder pass is fast and accurate it can be the most effective pass to use to outwit the opposition.

